Pre-Med: MD/DO

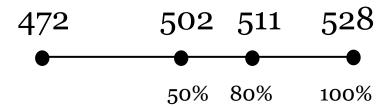
Allopathic/Osteopathic

Competitive GPA: 3.5+

- BCPM/BCP, Cumulative GPA all schools, all attempts
- Avg accepted MD: 3.66/3.73
- Avg accepted **DO**: 3.49/3.56

Competitive MCAT: 510+

- Avg accepted MD: 511
- Avg accepted **DO**: 503



| Total time (with breaks) | 7 hours, 30 mins |
|--|------------------|
| Psychological, Social, and Biological Foundations of Behavior | 95 mins |
| Biological and Biochemical Foundations of Living Systems | 95 mins |
| Critical Analysis and Reasoning Skills (CARS) | 90 mins |
| Chemistry and Physical Foundations of Biological Systems | 95 mins |

There are two paths to become a physician in the U.S. – by attending an allopathic (MD) or osteopathic (DO) medical school. <u>Both paths require</u>:

- DO programs alone teach <u>Osteopathic Manipulative</u> <u>Medicine (OMM)</u>
- 1-in-4 medical students in the U.S. is in a DO program
- Learn more about DO here

Explore MD and DO schools:

- MSAR: Medical School
 Admissions Requirements
 (MD)
- Choose DO Explorer (DO)

| Medical School | | |
|--|---|--|
| Years 1 and 2 | Coursework in science, treatment and diagnosis, problem- solving and communication skills, prevention and care, professionalism, medical ethics | |
| Years 3 and 4 | Clinical-based rotations in healthcare settings and affiliated coursework | |
| Apply for and participate in National Residency Matching Program | | |
| Residency and Fellowship | | |
| 3-7 years | Depends on specialty. Some require fellowships | |
| Licensing and board certifications | | |
| Practicing Physician | | |
| Employment, continuing education | | |

Applying to medical school is expensive...

Apply for the Fee Assistance Programs:

<u>AMCAS</u>: American Medical College Application Service, MD programs

<u>AACOMAS</u>: American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine Application Service, DO programs

| Item | Cost |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Test registration | \$320 |
| Test prep | \$300-3,000+ |
| Application (1 school) | \$170 (MD) \$197 (DO) |
| Additional schools | \$42 (MD) 48 (DO) |
| Secondary applications | \$50-150 |
| <u>Casper Test</u> | \$12 to take, \$12/school |
| Interview costs | \$100-1000+ |
| Total cost | \$1,000-10,000+ |

Experiences

- Community service
 - Serving the underserved
 - At least 150+ hours
- Clinical exposure
 - Shadowing
 - Patient care experience
 - At least 150+ hours
- Research
- Leadership and Teamwork
- Extra-curricular involvement

Quality, continuity, dedication

Core competencies

- Service orientation
- Social skills
- Cultural competence
- Teamwork
- Oral communication
- Ethical responsibility to self and others
- · Reliability and dependability
- · Resilience and adaptability
- Capacity for improvement
- Critical thinking
- · Quantitative reasoning
- · Scientific inquiry
- Written communication

Communicate Background, strengths, unique Fit for the profession Academic preparation

A well-rounded application shows...

- Ability to communicate effectively on the application and in an interview
- Background, strengths, and what makes you unique
- Passion and fit for the medical profession
- Ability to do the academic work

Timeline

January-July: Take MCAT

May: Application opens

June: Begin submitting application

Verification: 4-6 weeks after submission. After application is verified, it is released to schools.

July: Begin <u>secondary applications</u>. Some schools screen primary application before sending secondary, others automatically send secondary.

August-March: Interviews and decisions

April: Decide which school to attend

July/August: Medical school begins

- The earliest you can apply for medical school is the summer after junior year.
- Most successful applicants take a gap year and apply the summer after senior year or the year after graduation.

A gap year could make you a stronger applicant

Avg age of matriculants to med school: 24 66% of matriculants took at least 1 gap year

- Improve your GPA with a <u>post-bac program</u>
- Continue gaining experiences

Preparing for the MCAT

MCAT Quick Facts

- \$320 to register: MCAT Registration
- Fee Assistance Program
- MCAT FAQs

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What's on the MCAT

Review the <u>AAMC MCAT website</u>

- About the MCAT
- Video: What's on the MCAT
- Detailed PDF overviews for each section

Preparing for the MCAT is a lot like training for a marathon. No one recommends running a marathon without appropriate preparation – both mental and physical.

Take the MCAT when you have completed the <u>prerequisite courses</u>, have studied enough and effectively to get the score you want, and are within an appropriate time of applying.

Study Resources

- Prepare for the Exam
- How to Create a Study Plan: 20-page PDF
- Talk to <u>peers</u> (through student organizations) about their experience and preparation.
- Check out online forums (with a grain of salt): Reddit MCAT Page, SDN 100-Day MCAT Study Guide.

Free Resources

<u>AAMC Free Resources:</u> Khan Academy videos, free practice test, Road Map to MCAT, and other resources.

MCAT Question of the Day

Anki Flashcards

300-page Psych/Soc study guide

\$\$ Resources

AAMC Official Bundle
Altius

Jack Westin
Kaplan

Blueprint (NextStep) Princeton Review

<u>Examkrackers</u> <u>UWorld</u>

HOW TO STUDY

- MCAT test prep companies offer a variety of options, including classes, review materials, and practice tests. While they tend to be expensive, some offer free classes or tests, too. **Purchasing an MCAT course** can be useful if you tend to procrastinate, want someone else to set up a study plan, or like the accountability and structure of a class.
- If you don't have a big budget, set up your <u>own study plan</u>, utilize your textbooks, notes from class, and free resources on this page as a starting point. Buy used or borrow review books, and if you can put some money towards study resources, **purchase practice exams**.

400-600 HOURS

- Assume you will need about this much time to review content, study, and take practice tests. Depending on your schedule and how you like to study (intensely every day over a shorter amount of time vs less intensely every day over a longer period) you might plan for 3 to 6 months of study. Studying for longer than 6 months is not recommended as you might forget what you learned at the beginning.
- Before you start studying, take a practice test to get a **baseline** of what you already know. Plan on **1-1.5 months of content review** and then begin incorporating **question practice**.
- Plan to take **8-10 practice tests** so you are comfortable with the layout, length of passages, kinds of questions asked, and know how to evaluate and attack each question.
- After you've taken a practice test, **review each question** and assess whether you got the question right because you knew the answer or because you guessed. If you got a question wrong, that's a content area you need to review.
- Structure your studying in **95-minute blocks** to mimic the timing of the exam and consider studying early in the morning so that you train your brain to feel alert at **8am**.

MCAT TIMING

- <u>MCAT registration</u> usually opens 3-6 months in advance. You'll be able to register in **October for early spring** dates and in **February for late spring/summer** dates.
- Most applicants take the MCAT in junior year spring/early summer or senior year spring/early summer if taking a gap year. Consider taking a lighter load of courses in the spring semester to allow ample MCAT study time.
- It takes **1 month** for your scores to be released. Once released, scores automatically sync to your application. **July** is the latest you want to take the MCAT if you're currently applying.
- You can complete and submit your AMCAS/AACOMAS application without an MCAT score, but most schools won't review your application until they see your score.
 - One option is to apply to one school on June 1 to get your application moving through the verification process, and then add additional schools after you've received your MCAT scores.
- MCAT scores expire after **3 years**. Some schools accept MCAT scores up to 3 years **before matriculation**; others accept MCAT scores up to 3 years **before application**.
 - Check out the Latest and Oldest MCAT Test Administration Dates Considered guide on the <u>MSAR Reports page</u>
- Plan to take the exam **once**. The MCAT can be taken 3 times in one calendar year, 4 times in a two-year period, and 7 times over your lifetime. Medical schools will see every attempt and taking the test multiple times with minimal, or no improvement is viewed negatively.
- Most students score **2-5 points lower** on their actual exam than their practice exam. Outside variables strange location, traffic, difficulty parking, check-in delays, distractions during the exam, etc. can create stress and anxiety.